## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of correcting for dark current in a solid state image sensor, comprising the steps of:
- a) capturing an image with the image sensor to produce a digital image having pixel values;
  - b) correcting the pixel values with a dark level correction value; and
- c) employing a control system to adjust the dark level correction value to drive the number of pixels having values lower than a predetermined value chosen to represent dark scene content to a predetermined range; and wherein the sensor captures a stream of digital images, and wherein the control system performs the steps of:
- c1) sampling a digital image from the stream of dark current corrected digital images;
- c2) generating a count of the number of pixel values in the sampled digital image that are less than a predetermined value;
- c3) generating a dark level correction value adjustment based on the pixel value count; and
  - c4) applying the adjustment to the dark level correction value.
- 2. (Original) The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the control system limits the adjustment to the dark current correction to a predetermined range around a factory calibration value, whereby the control system is prevented from overcorrecting.

## Claim 3. (Canceled)

4. (Currently Amended) The method claimed in elaim 3 claim 1, further comprising the step of sub-sampling the sampled digital image to produce a sub-sample of pixel values from the sampled image and employing the sub-sample of pixel values to generate the count.

- 5. (Original) The method claimed in claim 4, wherein the step of generating a count includes the steps of generating a histogram of the pixel values in the sub-sample and summing bins in the histogram from zero to the predetermined value.
- 6. (Original) The method claimed in claim 5, wherein the step of generating a dark level correction value adjustment includes the step of limiting the adjustment such that the dark level correction value is limited to a predetermined range around a factory calibration value, whereby the control system is prevented from overcorrecting.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method claimed in elaim 3 claim 1 wherein the dark level correction value adjustment increases the dark level correction value when the count is lower than a first predetermined value; decreases the dark level correction value when the count is higher than a second predetermined value; and does not change the dark level correction value when the count is between the first and second predetermined values.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of correcting for dark current in a solid state image sensor, comprising the steps of:
  - a) capturing a first image having a variable dark level;
  - b) converting the first captured image to digital pixel values;
- c) processing the digital pixel values to determine the number of pixels having values below a dark level threshold pixel value;
- d) providing an dark a dark correction value based on said number of pixels; and
- e) using the dark correction value to modify the digital pixel values of a second captured image.
- 9. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for correcting dark current in a solid state image sensor that produces digital images having pixel values, comprising:

- a) a dark level corrector for correcting the pixel values produced by the image sensor with a dark level correction value to produce dark level corrected pixel values; and
- b) a control system responsive to dark level corrected pixel values to adjust the dark level correction value to drive the number of pixels having values lower than a predetermined value chosen to represent dark scene content to a predetermined range; and wherein the sensor captures a stream of digital images, and wherein the control system includes:
- b1) means for sampling a digital image from the stream of dark current corrected digital images;
- b2) means for generating a count of the number of pixel values in the sampled digital image that are less than a predetermined value;
- b3) means for generating a dark level correction value adjustment based on the pixel value count; and
- <u>b4) means for applying the adjustment to the dark level</u> <u>correction value</u>.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus claimed in claim 9, wherein the control system includes means for limiting the adjustment to the dark current correction to a predetermined range around a factory calibration value, whereby the control system is prevented from overcorrecting.

## Claim 11. (Canceled)

- 12. (Currently Amended) The apparatus claimed in elaim 11 claim 9, further comprising means for decimating the sampled digital image to produce a sub-sample of pixel values from the sampled image and wherein the means for generating a count employs the sub-sample of pixel values to generate the count.
- 13. (Original) The apparatus claimed in claim 12, wherein the means for generating a count includes means for generating a histogram of the pixel values in the subsample and summing bins in the histogram from zero to the predetermined value.

- 14. (Original) The apparatus claimed in claim 13, wherein the means for generating a dark level correction value adjustment includes means for limiting the adjustment such that the dark level correction value is limited to a predetermined range around a factory calibration value, whereby the control system is prevented from overcorrecting.
- 15. (Original) The apparatus claimed in claim 12 wherein the means for generating a dark level correction value adjustment increases the dark level correction value when the count is lower than a first predetermined value; decreases the dark level correction value when the count is higher than a second predetermined value; and does not change the dark level correction value when the count is between the first and second predetermined values.
- 16. (Original) A computer program product for correcting for dark current in a solid state image sensor, performing the steps of:
- a) providing a dark current corrected digital image having pixel values that have been adjusted by a dark level correction value from a stream of digital images that have been generated by the image sensor;
- b) generating a count of the number of pixel values in the digital image that are less than a predetermined value;
- c) generating a dark level correction value adjustment based on the pixel value count; and
  - d) applying the adjustment to the dark level correction value.
- 17. (Original) The computer program product claimed in claim 16, further comprising the step of decimating the sampled digital image to produce a sub-sample of pixel values from the sampled image and employing the subsample of pixel values to generate the count.
- 18. (Original) The computer program product claimed in claim 17, wherein the step of generating a count includes the steps of generating a histogram of the pixel values in the sub-sample and summing bins in the histogram from zero to the predetermined value.

- 19. (Original) The computer program product claimed in claim 18, wherein the step of generating a dark level correction value adjustment includes the step of limiting the adjustment such that the dark level correction value is limited to a predetermined range around a factory calibration value, whereby the control system is prevented from overcorrecting.
- 20. (Original) The computer program product claimed in claim 16, wherein the dark level correction value adjustment increases the dark level correction value when the count is lower than a first predetermined value; decreases the dark level correction value when the count is higher than a second predetermined value; and does not change the dark level correction value when the count is between the first and second predetermined values.